AU+Series enables the tapping at medium to high speed for wide range of workpiece materials.

AU+SP AU+SL





AU+SP HSS-E Coating









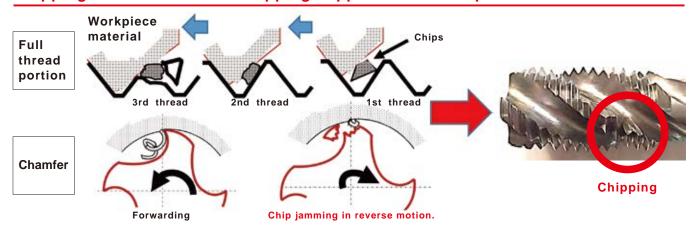
| Workpiece material | Recommended tapping speed (m/min) |
|--|---|
| Stainless steels SUS304 | 5~10 |
| Alloy steels SCM/Sr | 10~20 |
| High carbon steels S45C~ | 10~20 |
| Medium carbon steels S25C~S45C | 10~20 |
| Low carbon steels ~S20C/SS400 | 10~20 |
| Aluminium alloy castings AC•ADC Zinc alloy castings ZDC | 20~30 |

BLF(special shape)+improvement in chip ejection efficiency

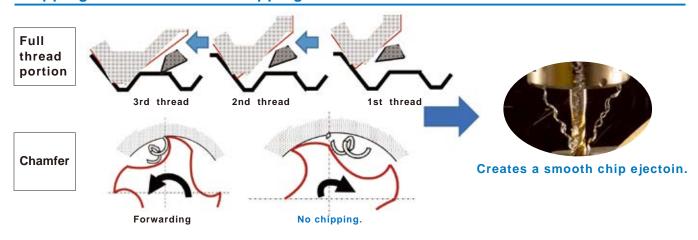
On full thread portion, AU+SP is specially designed to have the first 3threads at full height and the balance of the threads at about the pitch diameter in height.

By adopting this unique thread design (BLF shape), AU+SP realizes smooth chip ejection.

<Tapping wti standard SP> Chipping happens on thread portion.



<Tapping with AU+SP> No chipping.



Tapping data



| Dan doort | AU+SP M6X1 | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Product | Standard SP M6X1 | | |
| Workpiece material | SCM440 | | |
| Cutting speed | 10m/min | | |
| Hole diameter | Ф5.0 | | |
| Threading length | 9mm, blind hole | | |
| Machine | Machining Centers, Vertical | | |
| Lubrication | Water soluble oil | | |





AU+SL HSS-E Coating









Applicable to wide range of workpiece materials

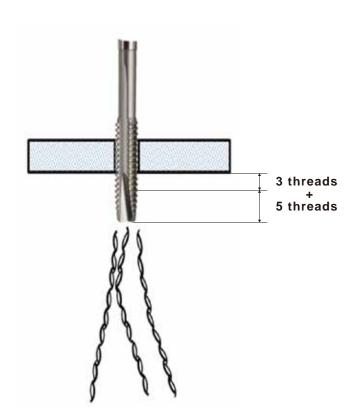
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Trouble shooting of through hole tapping

Yamawa offers a Left Hand Spiral Fluted Taps to cut right hand threads for through hole use. These taps offer a special advantage of a better cylindrical thread contact for reduced friction while pushing the chips forward ahead and out of the hole.

If you face chipping and breakage problems tapping,

check if Is there chamfer cutting beyond the end of the component?



Chip shape of SL taps



If the chips are not completely separated from the work material, the chips get caught in the tap on the reverse mothion and chipping may occur. Please try to lengthen the feed stroke by 3 additional threads to ensure the cutting chamfer is completely clear of the bored hole.

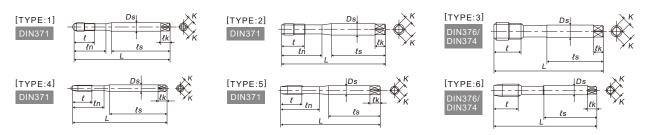
Tapping data AU+SL Still running After 3,000 hole produced. Standard SL Chipping happens. 0 500 1.000 1,500 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500

< Number of tapped holes >

| Dandunt | AU+SL M6X1 | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Product | Standard SL M6X1 | | |
| Workpiece material | SCM440 | | |
| Cutting speed | 15m/min | | |
| Hole diameter | Ф5.0 | | |
| Threading length | 9mm, Throgh hole | | |
| Machine | Machining Centers, Vertical | | |
| Lubrication | Water soluble oil | | |



Dimensions and Sizes

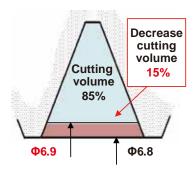


[Class] AU+SP:ISO2, AU+SL:ISO2X

[Chamfer] AU+SP:2.5P, AU+SL: 5P

| Size | Sizo | 1 4 | l | lп | <i>ℓ</i> s | Ds | К | lk | No. of | AU+SP | | AU+SL | |
|------|-----------|------|------|------|------------|------|------|------|--------|------------|------|------------|------|
| | Size | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | flutes | Code | Туре | Code | Туре |
| М | M 3X0.5 | 56 | 9 | 18 | 34 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 6 | 3 | SE3.0GANEV | 1 | LE3.0GBNEV | 4 |
| | M 4X0.7 | 63 | 13 | 21 | 38 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 6 | 3 | SE4.0IANEV | 1 | LE4.0IBNEV | 4 |
| | M 5X0.8 | 70 | 14 | 25 | 39 | 6 | 4.9 | 8 | 3 | SE5.0KANEV | 1 | LE5.0KBNEV | 4 |
| | M 6X1 | 80 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 6 | 4.9 | 8 | 3 | SE6.0MANEV | 1 | LE6.0MBNEV | 4 |
| | M 8X1.25 | 90 | 19 | 35 | 47 | 8 | 6.2 | 9 | 3 | SE8.0NANEV | 2 | LE8.0NBNEV | 5 |
| | M10X1.5 | 100 | 23 | 39 | 52 | 10 | 8 | 11 | 4 | SE010OANEV | 2 | LE010OBNEV | 6 |
| | M12X1.75 | 110 | 26 | - | 56 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 4 | SH012PANEV | 3 | LH012PBNEV | 6 |
| | M14X2 | 110 | 26 | - | 56 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 4 | SH014QANEV | 3 | LH014QBNEV | 6 |
| | M16X2 | 110 | 26 | - | 56 | 12 | 9 | 12 | 4 | SH016QANEV | 3 | LH016QBNEV | 6 |
| | M18X2.5 | 125 | 33 | - | 64 | 14 | 11 | 14 | 4 | SH018RANEV | 3 | LH018RBNEV | 6 |
| | M20X2.5 | 140 | 33 | - | 71 | 16 | 12 | 15 | 4 | SH020RANEV | 3 | LH020RBNEV | 6 |
| MF | MF 8X1 | 90 | 19 | - | 46 | 6 | 4.9 | 8 | 4 | SN8.0MANEV | 3 | LN8.0MBNEV | 6 |
| | MF10X1.25 | 100 | 23 | - | 51 | 7 | 5.5 | 8 | 4 | SN010NANEV | 3 | LN010NBNEV | 6 |
| | MF10X1 | 90 | 19 | - | 46 | 7 | 5.5 | 8 | 4 | SN010MANEV | 3 | LN010MBNEV | 6 |
| | MF12X1.5 | 100 | 21 | - | 51 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 4 | SN012OANEV | 3 | LN012OBNEV | 6 |
| | MF12X1.25 | 100 | 21 | - | 51 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 4 | SN012NANEV | 3 | LN012NBNEV | 6 |
| | MF14X1.5 | 100 | 21 | - | 51 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 4 | SN014OANEV | 3 | LN014OBNEV | 6 |
| | MF16X1.5 | 100 | 21 | - | 51 | 12 | 9 | 12 | 4 | SN016OANEV | 3 | LN016OBNEV | 6 |
| | MF18X1.5 | 110 | 24 | - | 56 | 14 | 11 | 14 | 4 | SN018OANEV | 3 | LN018OBNEV | 6 |
| | MF20X1.5 | 125 | 24 | - | 64 | 16 | 12 | 15 | 4 | SN020OANEV | 3 | LN020OBNEV | 6 |

[Table for bored hole diameter]



When tapping troubles occur, the 1st solution is to make larger bored hole size before tapping. For example, tapping M8x1.25 thread,

by adjusting the bored hole diameter from 6.8mm to 6.9mm, the cutting volume decrease 15%. The tapping load decreases as well.

Larger bored hole diameter can help to solve tap breakage and welding problems.

| Size | Minor diameter of | Recommended bored hole size | | | |
|----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Max. | Min. | bored fible size | | |
| M 4X0.7 | 3.422 | 3.242 | 3.38 | | |
| M 5X0.8 | 4.334 | 4.134 | 4.28 | | |
| M 6X1 | 5.153 | 4.917 | 5.09 | | |
| M 8X1.25 | 6.912 | 6.647 | 6.85 | | |
| M10X1.5 | 8.676 | 8.376 | 8.6 | | |
| M12X1.75 | 10.441 | 10.106 | 10.4 | | |

♦For other sizes, please refer to the technical page of Yamawa product catalog.

Please make the hole before tapping as close as Max value of minor diameter of 6H internal threads.

Warning

- ♦Tools may shatter. Wear cover or eye glasses to avoid injury during tapping.
- $\mbox{\@scalebox{\@s$
- Never wear gloves during turning operations as the gloves may get caught with the tools.
- ♦Wear safety shoes to avoid injuring yourself by the falling tools.
- ♦On attaching tools to the machine, fasten firmly to avoid chattering and run-out.
- ♦Fasten the work pieces firmly so that they never move during operation. Never use worn tools or damaged tools with chipping.
- ◆Take a special care to fire trouble. High temperature during machining may cause fire.

YAMAWA MFG. Co., Ltd.



Nakajima Gold bldg.13-10 Kyobashi 3chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0031, JAPAN

Website:http://www.yamawa.com

YAMAWA group for Overseas

YAMAWA International Co., Ltd.

